Questionable Data Arising in Multi-Center Clinical Trials

Workshop Organizers:
Gary Sachs, M.D.
Joanne B. Severe, M.S.

Topics for Discussion

- Define Types of Questionable Data
- II. How to Detect It
- III. Options for Handling
- IV. How to Prevent/Minimize Occurrence

Define Types of Questionable Data

Fraudulent

By Investigator/sponsor

Data manipulation

Patient manipulation

By Patient

Misrepresentation of severity or identity

Participation in simultaneous trials

Intentional non-compliance

Define Types of Questionable Data

Questionable

Due to Sloppiness, Carelessness

Ratings and eligibility

Due to Short-cutting

Due to Staff turnover

Due to Distortion of ratings (conscious or unconscious

Selective reporting

How to Detect Questionable Data

- Whistle-blowers
- Monitoring by:
 - In-person Data/Coordinating Center
 - **DSMB**
 - Centralized quality control reviewers
 - Statistical methods

Options for Handling Questionable Data

- Do nothing (preserve principle of ITT)
- Data removal: Invalidate entire study <u>vs</u>
 Disqualify full site <u>vs</u> Remove only specific data
- Evaluate impact of data removal on results conduct sensitivity analyses
- Retain data if it can be rectified/fixed
- Administrative Actions (reporting deviation or misconduct)

How to Prevent/Minimize Occurrence of Questionable Data

- Ethics training on misconduct and reporting
- Staff training on study procedures
- Monitoring (plan and fund)
- Review (early and ongoing)
- Centralized ratings and laboratory assessments
- Data field evaluation and cross-checking
- Reliability Assessment
- Promoting "ownership" of study
- Continuous dialogue with sites in decisionmaking, etc.